

**Poštovani,**

pozivamo vas na *Znanstveni utorak* koji će se održati **12. prosinca 2017.** godine (utorak) u Ekonomskom institutu, Zagreb, II. kat s početkom u 14:00 sati. Izlaganje će održati **Leonard Kukić** na temu:

## **The Last Yugoslavs: Ethnic Diversity, National Identity, and Civil War**

Nation-building is often proposed as a device for integration and conflict reduction in ethnically divided societies. However, the determinants and implications of national identification are not well understood. This paper isolates the impact of ethnic diversity on the strength of Yugoslav national self-identification and explores the relationship between national identification and ethnic conflict. The author finds that ethnically diverse municipalities were conducive toward the formation of Yugoslav identity because they stimulated ethnic intermarriage. The more hybrid Yugoslav identity provided an alternative to forcing a single choice to individuals with conflicting identities. Causality is established by instrumenting ethnic diversity with past state changes, since historians argue that state changes caused shocks to the ethnic composition of the communities. In addition, aligned with the notion that nation formation can reduce the incidence of ethnic conflict, the author discovers that those areas that were characterized by a stronger Yugoslav sentiment experienced a lower intensity of conflict during the Bosnian War of 1992–1995.

Leonard Kukić doktorand je ekonomske povijesti na London School of Economics and Political Science (LSE), a od 2018. će se kao docent pridružiti Sveučilištu Carlos III u Madridu. Istraživački interesi su mu ekonomska povijest, ekonomski rast i razvoj te politička ekonomija.

Zahvaljujemo na odazivu.